



**GECCO**  
2012

**HL** HeuristicLab  
A Paradigm-Independent and Extensible Environment for Heuristic Optimization

**Algorithm and Experiment Design with HeuristicLab**  
An Open Source Optimization Environment for Research and Education

**Stefan Wagner & Gabriel Kronberger**

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<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

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ACM 978-1-4503-1178-6/12/07.

## Instructor Biographies

- Stefan Wagner
  - Full professor for complex software systems (since 2009)
  - University of Applied Sciences Upper Austria
  - Co-founder of the HEAL research group
  - Project manager and chief architect of HeuristicLab
  - PhD in technical sciences (2009)  
Johannes Kepler University Linz, Austria
  - Associate professor (2005 – 2009)
  - University of Applied Sciences Upper Austria
  - <http://heal.heuristiclab.com/team/wagner>



- Gabriel Kronberger
  - Full professor for business intelligence (since 2011)
  - University of Applied Sciences Upper Austria
  - Member of the HEAL research group
  - Architect of HeuristicLab
  - PhD in technical sciences (2010)  
Johannes Kepler University Linz, Austria
  - Research assistant (2005 – 2011)
  - University of Applied Sciences Upper Austria
  - <http://heal.heuristiclab.com/team/kronberger>



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2

## Agenda



- Objectives of the Tutorial
- Introduction
- Where to get HeuristicLab?
- Plugin Infrastructure
- Graphical User Interface
- Available Algorithms & Problems
- **Demonstration Part I: Working with HeuristicLab**
- **Demonstration Part II: Data-based Modeling**
- Some Additional Features
- Planned Features
- Team
- Suggested Readings
- Bibliography
- Questions & Answers

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3

## Objectives of the Tutorial



- Introduce general motivation and design principles of HeuristicLab
- Show where to get HeuristicLab
- Explain basic GUI usability concepts
- Demonstrate basic features
- Demonstrate editing and analysis of optimization experiments
- Demonstrate custom algorithms and graphical algorithm designer
- Demonstrate data-based modeling features
- Outline some additional features

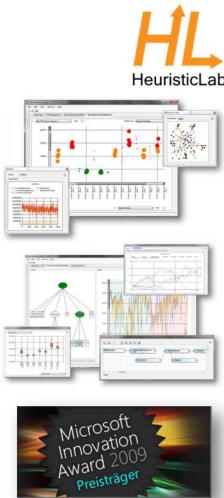
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4

## Introduction

- Motivation and Goals
  - graphical user interface
  - paradigm independence
  - multiple algorithms and problems
  - large scale experiments and analyses
  - parallelization
  - extensibility, flexibility and reusability
  - visual and interactive algorithm development
  - multiple layers of abstraction
- Facts
  - development of HeuristicLab started in 2002
  - based on Microsoft .NET and C#
  - used in research and education
  - second place at the *Microsoft Innovation Award 2009*
  - open source (GNU General Public License)
  - version 3.3.0 released on May 18th, 2010
  - latest version 3.3.6 released on January 3rd, 2012



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5

## Where to get HeuristicLab?

- Download binaries
  - deployed as ZIP archives
  - latest stable version 3.3.6
    - released on January 3rd, 2012
  - daily trunk builds
  - <http://dev.heuristiclab.com/download>
- Check out sources
  - SVN repository
  - HeuristicLab 3.3.6 tag
    - <http://dev.heuristiclab.com/svn/hl/core/tags/3.3.6>
  - current development trunk
    - <http://dev.heuristiclab.com/svn/hl/core/trunk>
- License
  - GNU General Public License (Version 3)
- System requirements
  - Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 Full Version
  - enough RAM and CPU power ;-)



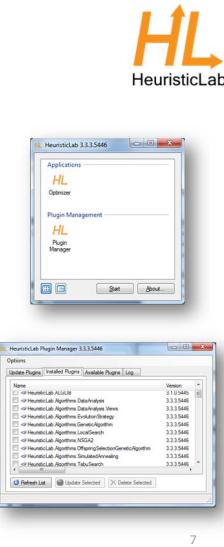
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6

## Plugin Infrastructure

- HeuristicLab consists of many assemblies
  - 94 plugins in HeuristicLab 3.3.6
  - plugins can be loaded or unloaded at runtime
  - plugins can be updated via internet
  - application plugins provide GUI frontends
- Extensibility
  - developing and deploying new plugins is easy
  - dependencies are explicitly defined, automatically checked and resolved
  - automatic discovery of interface implementations (service locator pattern)
- Plugin Manager
  - GUI to check, install, update or delete plugins

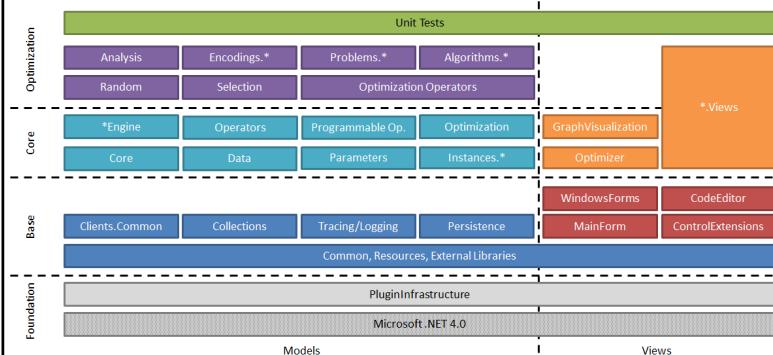


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7

## Plugin Architecture



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8

## Graphical User Interface



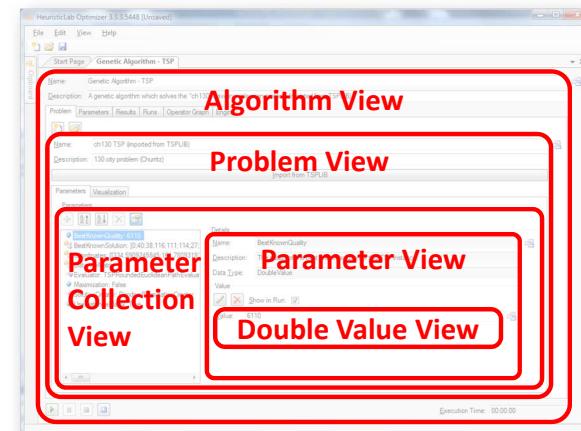
- HeuristicLab GUI is made up of views
  - views are visual representations of content objects
  - views are composed in the same way as their content
  - views and content objects are loosely coupled
  - multiple different views may exist for the same content
- Drag & Drop
  - views support drag & drop operations
  - content objects can be copied or moved (shift key)
  - enabled for collection items and content objects

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9

## Graphical User Interface



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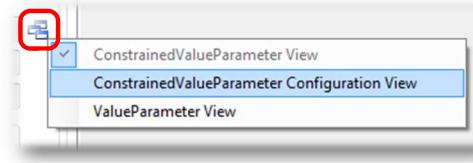
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10

## Graphical User Interface



- ViewHost
  - control which hosts views
  - right-click on windows icon to switch views
  - double-click on windows icon to open another view
  - drag & drop windows icon to copy contents



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11

## Available Algorithms & Problems



### Algorithms

- Evolution Strategy
- Genetic Algorithm
- Genetic Programming
- Island Genetic Algorithm
- Island Offspring Selection Genetic Algorithm
- Local Search
- NSGA-II
- Offspring Selection Genetic Algorithm
- Particle Swarm Optimization
- Robust Taboo Search
- SASEGASA
- Simulated Annealing
- Tabu Search
- User-defined Algorithm
- Variable Neighborhood Search
- Performance Benchmarks
- Cross Validation
- k-Means
- Linear Discriminant Analysis
- Linear Regression
- Multinomial Logit Classification
- Nearest Neighbor Regression and Classification
- Neural Network Regression and Classification
- Random Forest Regression and Classification
- Support Vector Regression and Classification

### Problems

- Artificial Ant
- Classification
- Clustering
- External Evaluation Problem
- Knapsack
- OneMax
- Quadratic Assignment
- Regression
- Single-Objective Test Function
- Symbolic Classification
- Symbolic Regression
- Traveling Salesman
- User-defined Problem
- Vehicle Routing

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12

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13

## Demonstration Part I: Working with HeuristicLab



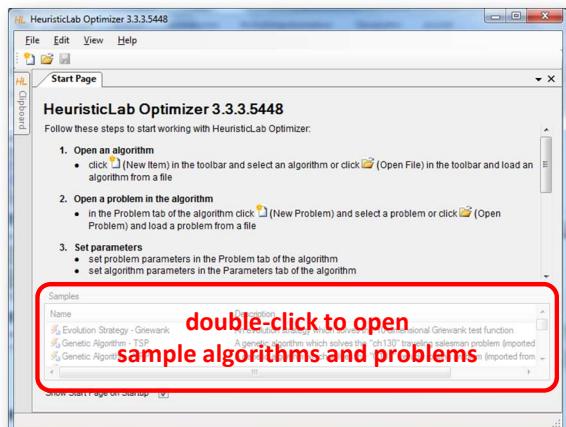
- Create, Parameterize and Execute Algorithms
- Save and Load Items
- Create Batch Runs and Experiments
- Multi-core CPUs and Parallelization
- Analyze Runs
- Analyzers
- Building User-Defined Algorithms

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14

## HeuristicLab Optimizer

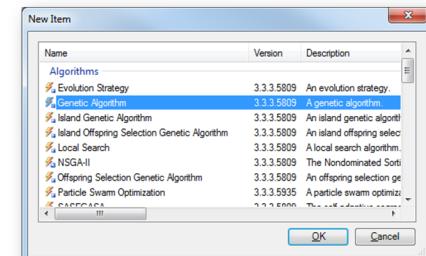
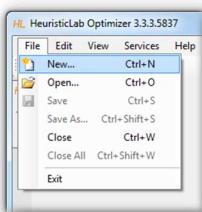


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15

## Create Algorithm

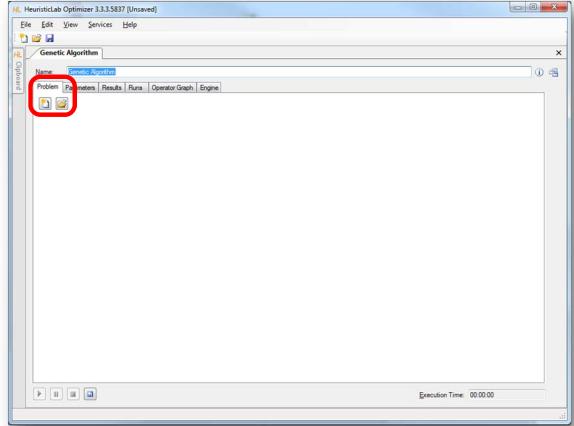


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16

## Create or Load Problem

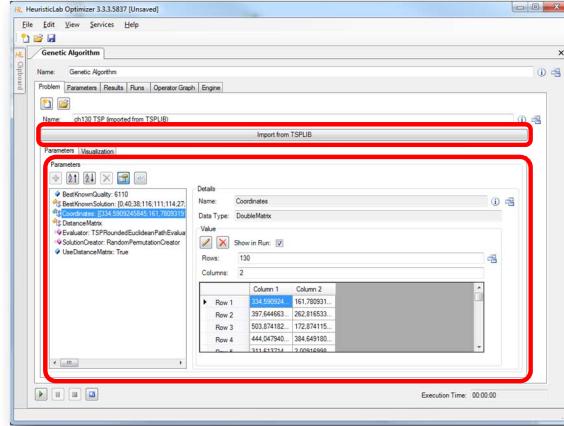


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17

## Import or Parameterize Problem Data

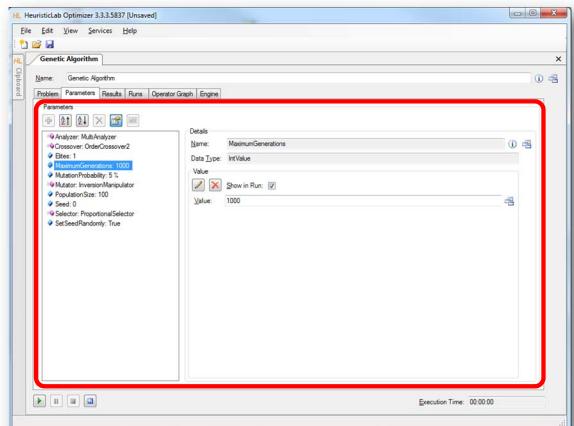


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18

## Parameterize Algorithm

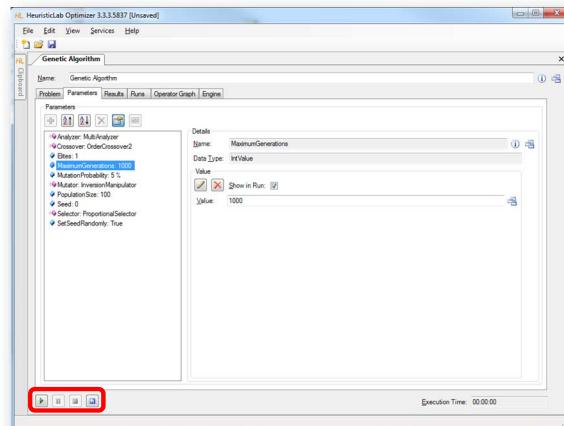


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19

## Start, Pause, Resume, Stop and Reset

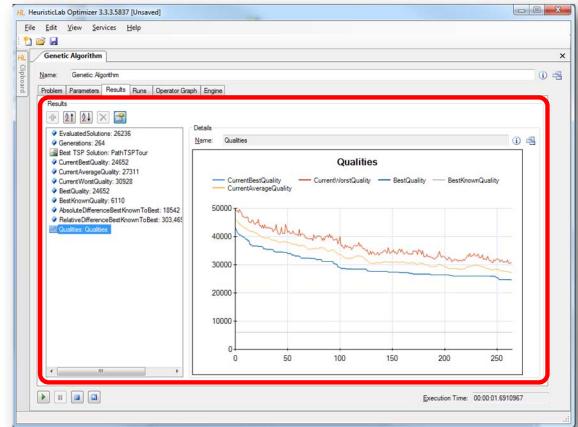


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20

## Inspect Results



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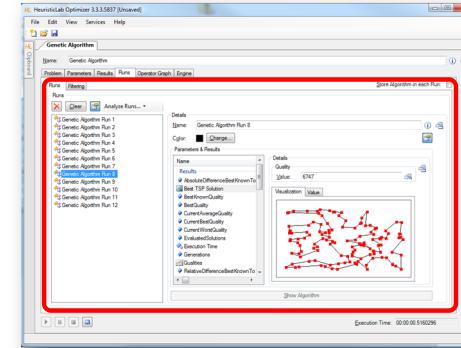
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21

## Compare Runs



- A run is created each time when the algorithm is stopped
  - runs contain all results and parameter settings
  - previous results are not forgotten and can be compared



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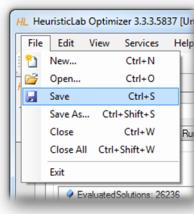
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22

## Save and Load



- Save to and load from disk
  - HeuristicLab items (i.e., algorithms, problems, experiments, ...) can be saved to and loaded from a file
  - algorithms can be paused, saved, loaded and resumed
  - data format is custom compressed XML
  - saving and loading files might take several minutes
  - saving and loading large experiments requires some memory



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23

## Create Batch Runs and Experiments



- Batch runs
  - execute the same optimizer (e.g. algorithm, batch run, experiment) several times
- Experiments
  - execute different optimizers
  - suitable for large scale algorithm comparison and analysis
- Experiments and batch runs can be nested
- Generated runs can be compared afterwards

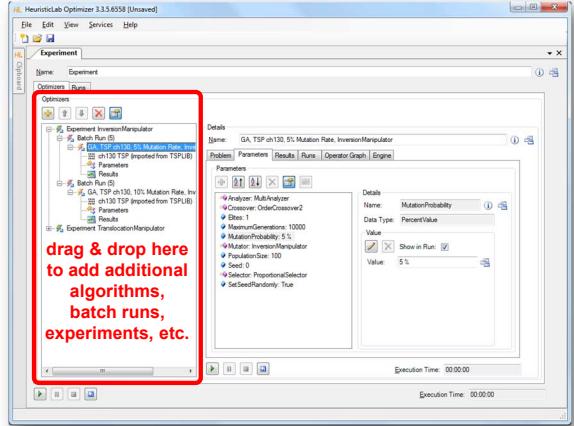


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24

## Create Batch Runs and Experiments

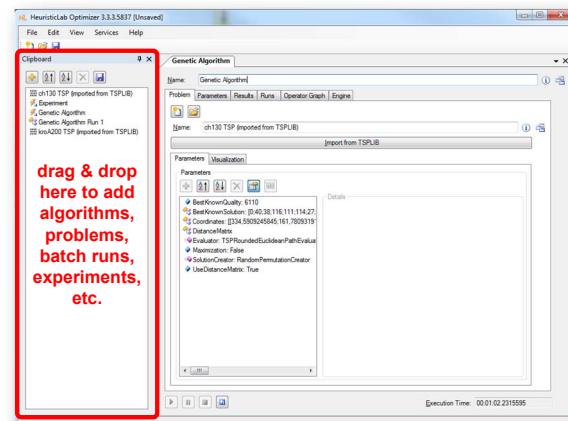


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25

## Clipboard



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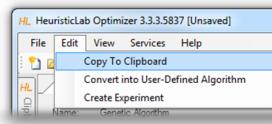
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26

## Clipboard



- Store items
  - click on the buttons to add or remove items
  - drag & drop items on the clipboard
  - use the menu to add a copy of a shown item to the clipboard

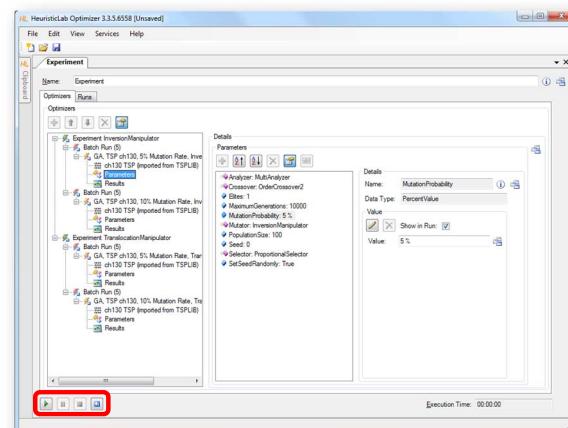


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27

## Start, Pause, Resume, Stop, Reset

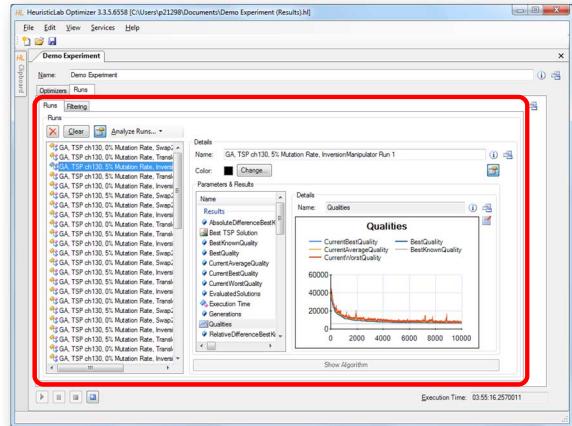


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28

## Compare Runs



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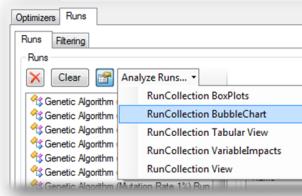


29

## Analyze Runs



- HeuristicLab provides interactive views to analyze and compare all runs of a run collection
  - textual analysis
    - RunCollection Tabular View
  - graphical analysis
    - RunCollection BubbleChart
    - RunCollection BoxPlots
- Filtering is automatically applied to all open run collection views



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30

## RunCollection Tabular View



The screenshot shows the 'RunCollection Tabular View' dialog. It displays a table with 48 columns and 2 rows of data. The columns represent various performance metrics for different runs of a Genetic Algorithm. The first few columns include 'Run ID', 'BestKnownQuality', 'BestKnownSolution', 'BestQuality', 'Coordinates', 'Crossover', and 'CurrentAverageQuality'. The data shows multiple runs with varying mutation rates and run numbers.

Run ID	BestKnownQuality	BestKnownSolution	BestQuality	Coordinates	Crossover	CurrentAverageQuality
Genetic Algorithm (Mutation Rate 1%) Run 13	3110	[0.40..116.111.114..]	16405	[034.590245..]	OrderCrossover	16543.13
Genetic Algorithm (Mutation Rate 1%) Run 14	3110	[0.40..116.111.114..]	14793	[034.590245..]	OrderCrossover	15293.02

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31

## RunCollection Tabular View



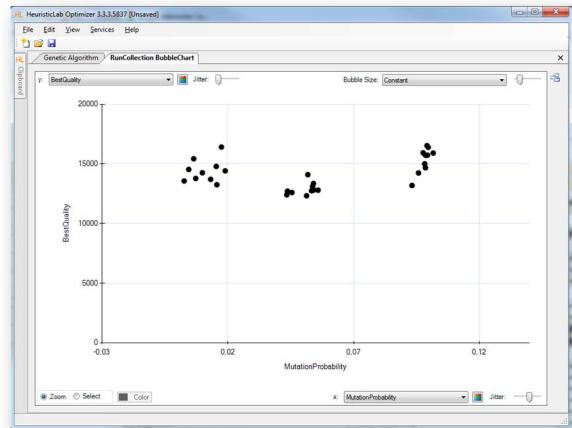
- Sort columns
  - click on column header to sort column
  - Ctrl-click on column header to sort multiple columns
- Show or hide columns
  - right-click on table to open dialog to show or hide columns
- Compute statistical values
  - select multiple numerical values to see count, sum, minimum, maximum, average and standard deviation
- Select, copy and paste into other applications

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32

## RunCollection BubbleChart



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33

## RunCollection BubbleChart



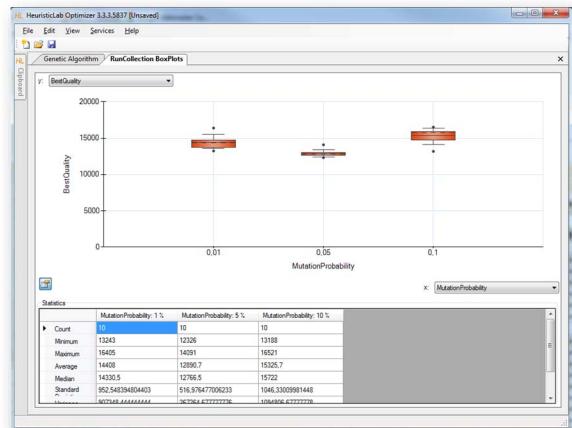
- Choose values to plot
  - choose which values to show on the x-axis, the y-axis and as bubble size
  - possible values are all parameter settings and results
- Add jitter
  - add jitter to separate overlapping bubbles
- Zoom in and out
  - click on Zoom and click and drag in the chart area to zoom in
  - double click on the chart area background or on the circle buttons beside the scroll bars to zoom out
- Color bubbles
  - click on Select, choose a color and click and drag in the chart area to select and color bubbles
  - apply coloring automatically by clicking on the axis coloring buttons
- Show runs
  - double click on a bubble to open its run
- Export image
  - right-click to open context menu to copy or save image
  - save image as pixel (BMP, JPG, PNG, GIF, TIF) or vector graphics (EMF)
- Show box plots
  - right-click to open context menu to show box plots view

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34

## RunCollection BoxPlots



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35

## RunCollection BoxPlots



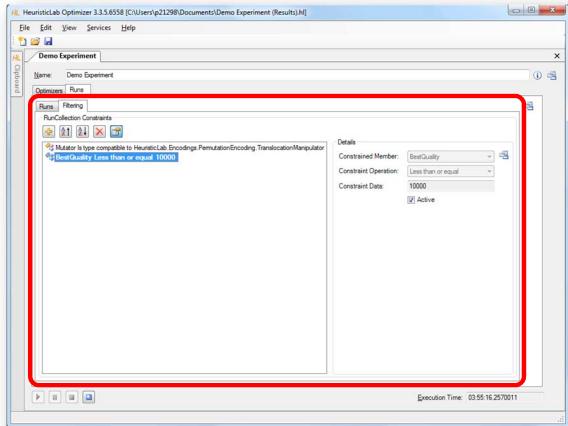
- Choose values to plot
  - choose which values to show on the x-axis and y-axis
  - possible values are all parameter settings and results
- Zoom in and out
  - click on Zoom and click and drag in the chart area to zoom in
  - double click on the chart area background or on the circle buttons beside the scroll bars to zoom out
- Show or hide statistical values
  - click on the lower left button to show or hide statistical values
- Export image
  - right-click to open context menu to copy or save image
  - save image as pixel (BMP, JPG, PNG, GIF, TIF) or vector graphics (EMF)

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36

## Filter Runs



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37

## Multi-core CPUs and Parallelization

- Parallel execution of optimizers in experiments
  - optimizers in an experiment are executed sequentially from top to bottom per default
  - experiments support parallel execution of their optimizers
  - select a not yet executed optimizer and start it manually to utilize another core
  - execution of one of the next optimizers is started automatically after an optimizer is finished
- Parallel execution of algorithms
  - HeuristicLab provides special operators for parallelization
  - engines decide how to execute parallel operations
  - sequential engine executes everything sequentially
  - parallel engine executes parallel operations on multiple cores
  - Hive engine (under development) executes parallel operations on multiple computers
  - all implemented algorithms support parallel solution evaluation

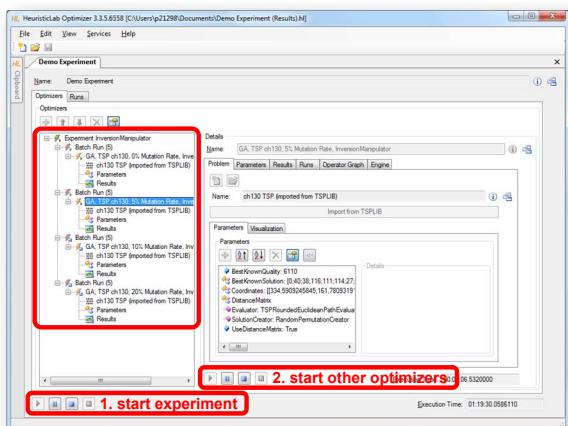
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38

## Parallel Execution of Experiments



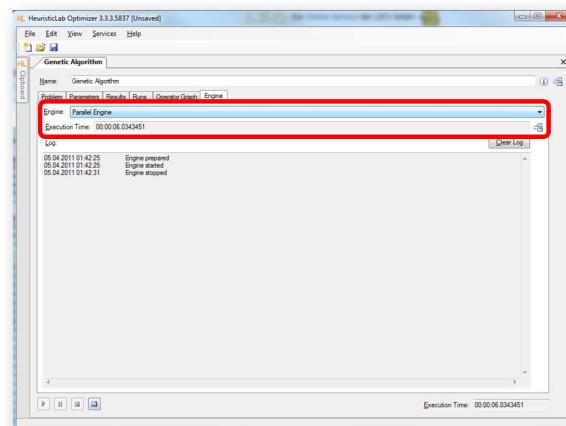
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39

## Parallel Execution of Algorithms



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40

# Analyzers



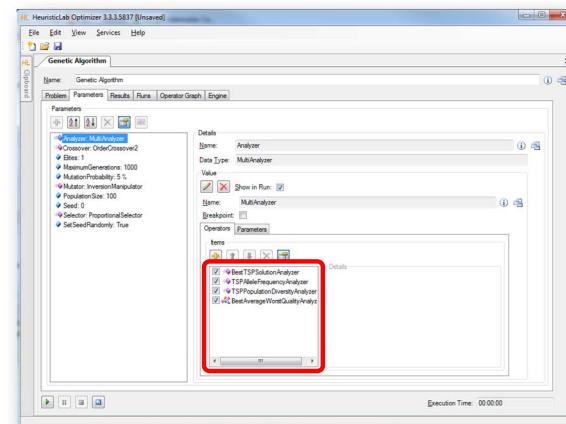
- Special operators for analysis purposes
  - are executed after each iteration
  - serve as general purpose extension points of algorithms
  - can be selected and parameterized in the algorithm
  - perform algorithm-specific and/or problem-specific tasks
  - some analyzers are quite costly regarding runtime and memory
  - implementing and adding custom analyzers is easy
- Examples
  - TSPAlleleFrequencyAnalyzer
  - TSPPopulationDiversityAnalyzer
  - SuccessfulOffspringAnalyzer
  - SymbolicDataAnalysisVariableFrequencyAnalyzer
  - SymbolicRegressionSingleObjectiveTrainingBestSolutionAnalyzer
  - ...

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41

# Analyzers

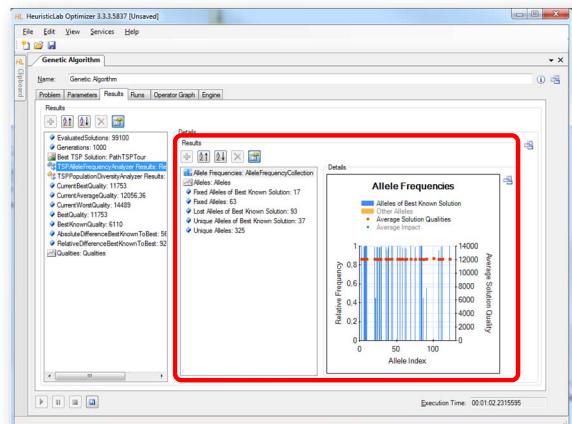


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42

# TSPAlleleFrequencyAnalyzer

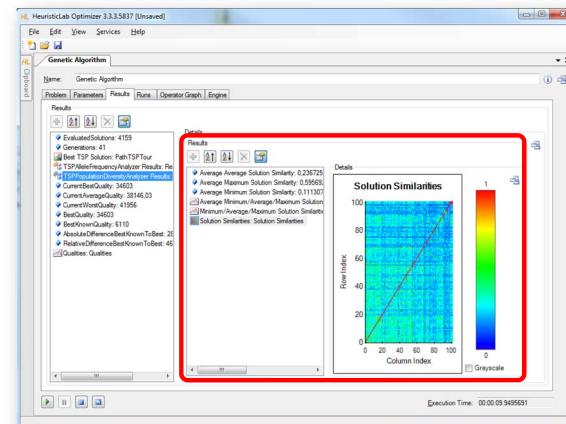


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43

# TSPPopulationDiversityAnalyzer



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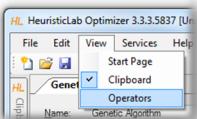
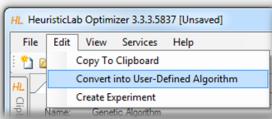
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44

## Building User-Defined Algorithms



- Operator graphs
  - algorithms are represented as operator graphs
  - operator graphs of user-defined algorithms can be changed
  - algorithms can be defined in the graphical algorithm designer
  - use the menu to convert a standard algorithm into a user-defined algorithm



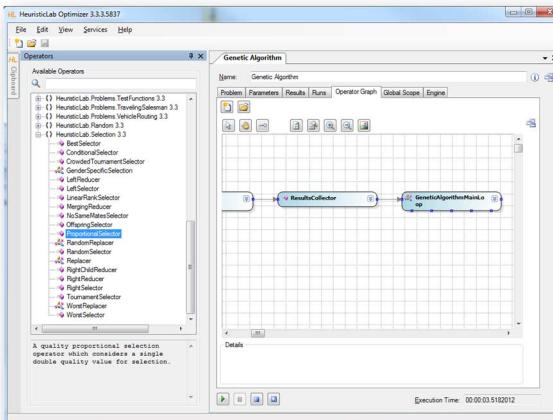
- Operators sidebar
  - drag & drop operators into an operator graph
- Programmable operators
  - add programmable operators in order to implement custom logic in an algorithm
  - no additional development environment needed
- Debug algorithms
  - use the debug engine to obtain detailed information during algorithm execution

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45

## Building User-Defined Algorithms

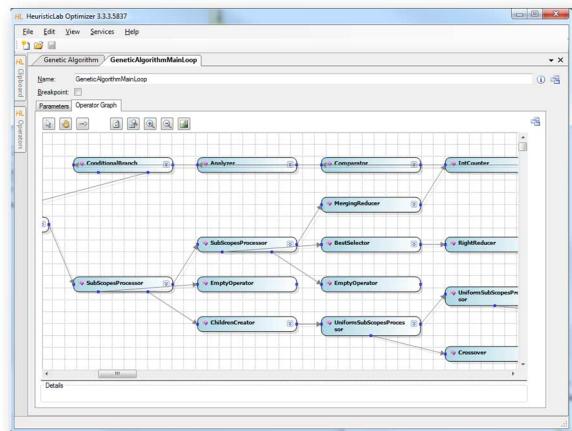


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46

## Building User-Defined Algorithms



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47

## Programmable Operators



The screenshot shows the HeuristicLab Optimizer interface with the code editor open for a programmable operator. The code implements a custom operator that checks if a successor operation is null and creates one if it is. It also includes imports for various HeuristicLab namespaces.

```

public class ProgrammableSingleSuccessorOperator : IOperation
{
    public static IOperation Execute(ProgrammableSingleSuccessorOperator op)
    {
        if (op.Successor == null) null = context.CreateOperation(op.Successor);
        return op;
    }
}

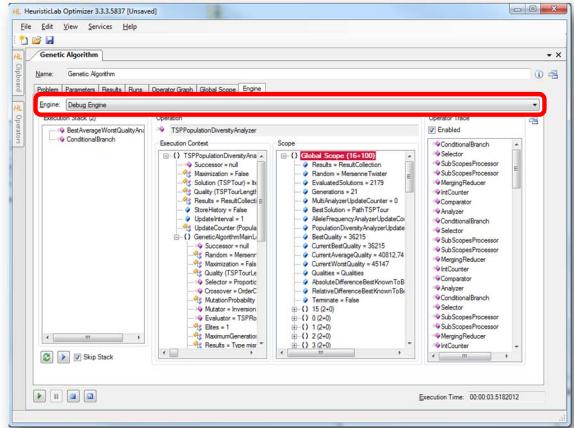
```

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48

## Debugging Algorithms



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49

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50

## Demonstration Part II: Data-based Modeling



- Introduction
- Regression with HeuristicLab
- Model simplification and export
- Variable relevance analysis
- Classification with HeuristicLab

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51

## Introduction to Data-based Modeling



- Dataset: Matrix  $(x_{ij})_{i=1..N, j=1..K}$ 
  - N observations of K input variables
  - $x_{ij}$  = i-th observation of j-th variable
  - Additionally: Vector of labels  $(y_1 \dots y_N)^T$
- Goal: learn association of input variable values to labels
- Common tasks
  - Regression (real-valued labels)
  - Classification (discrete labels)
  - Clustering (no labels, group similar observations)

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52

## Data-based Modeling Algorithms in HeuristicLab



- Symbolic regression and classification based on genetic programming
- External Libraries:
  - Support Vector Machines for Regression and Classification
  - Linear Regression
  - Linear Discriminate Analysis
  - K-Means clustering

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53

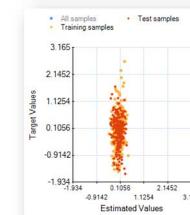
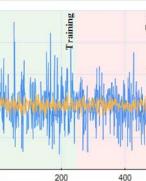
## Case Studies

- Demonstration
  - problem configuration
    - data import
    - target variable
    - input variables
    - data partitions (training and test)
  - analysis of results
    - accuracy metrics
    - visualization of model output



GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>



54

## Case Study: Regression



- Poly-10 benchmark problem dataset
  - 10 input variables  $x_1 \dots x_{10}$
  - $y = x_1 \cdot x_2 + x_3 \cdot x_4 + x_5 \cdot x_6 + x_1 \cdot x_7 \cdot x_9 + x_3 \cdot x_6 \cdot x_{10}$
  - non-linear modeling approach necessary
  - frequently used in GP literature
  - download
    - <http://dev.heuristiclab.com/AdditionalMaterial#GECCO2012>

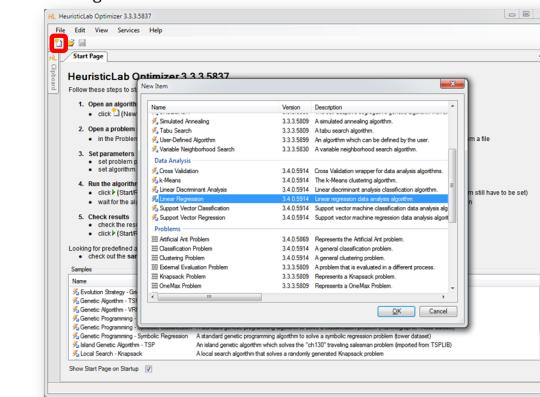
GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

55

## Linear Regression

- Create new algorithm



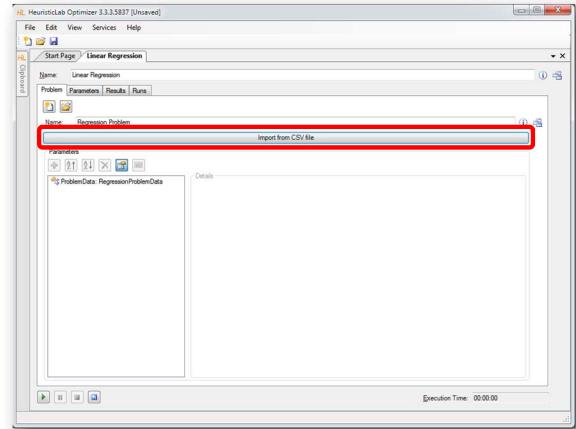
GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>



56

## Import Data from CSV-File

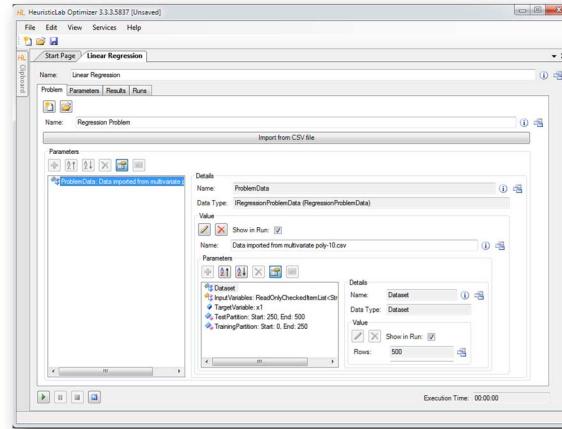


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57

## Inspect and Configure Dataset

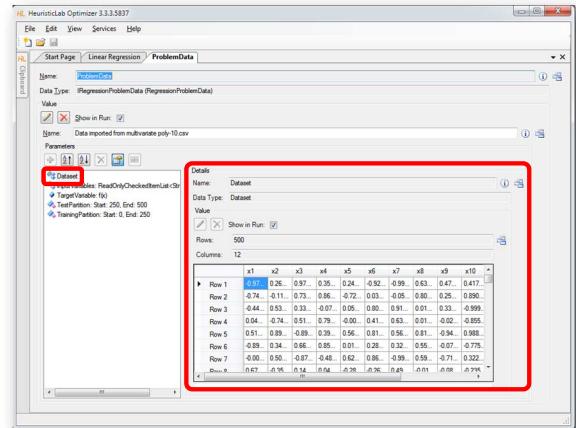


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58

## Inspect Imported Data

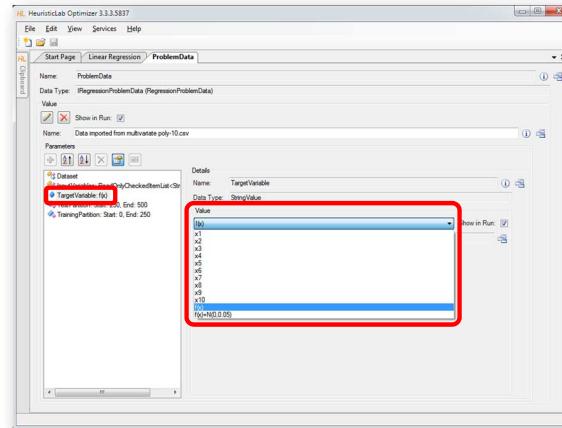


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59

## Set Target Variable

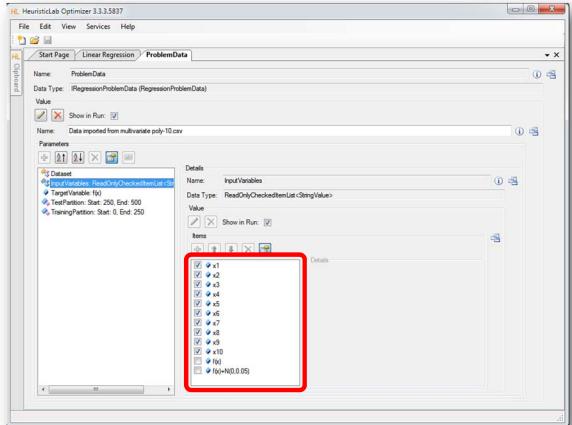


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60

## Select Input Variables

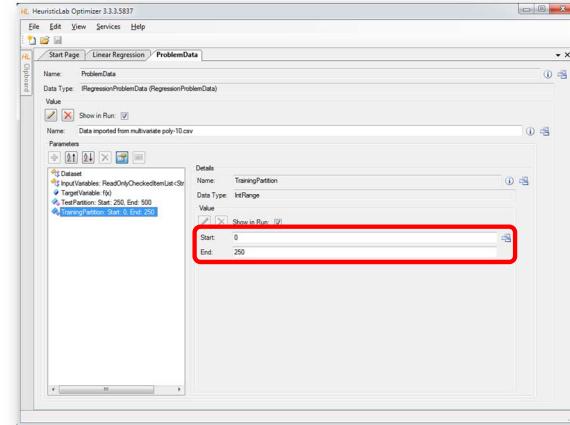


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<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

61

## Configure Training and Test Partitions

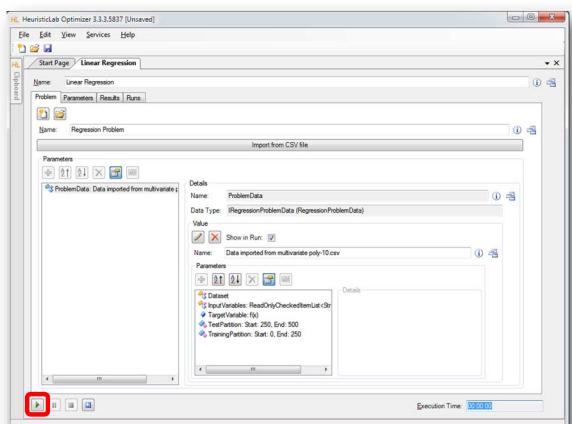


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62

## Run Linear Regression

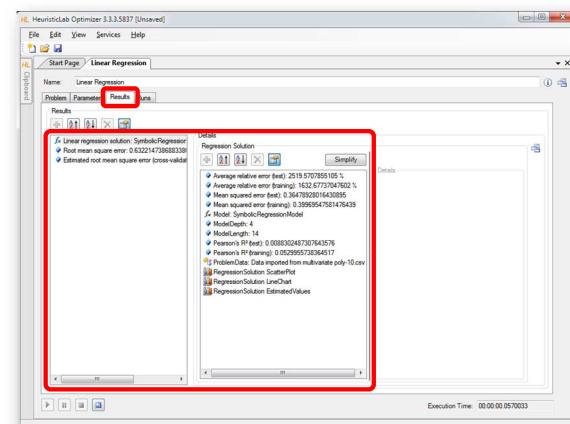


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<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

63

## Inspect Results

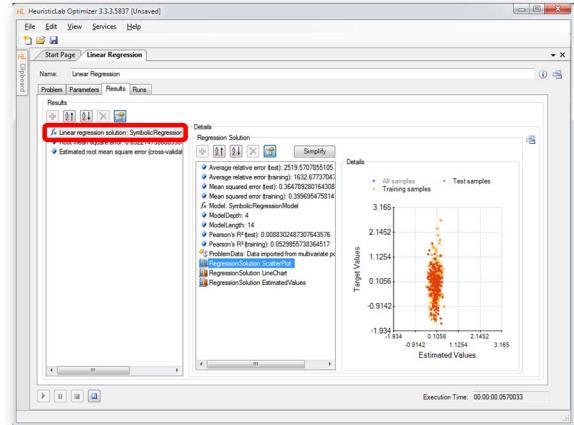


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<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

64

## Inspect Scatterplot of Predicted and Target Values

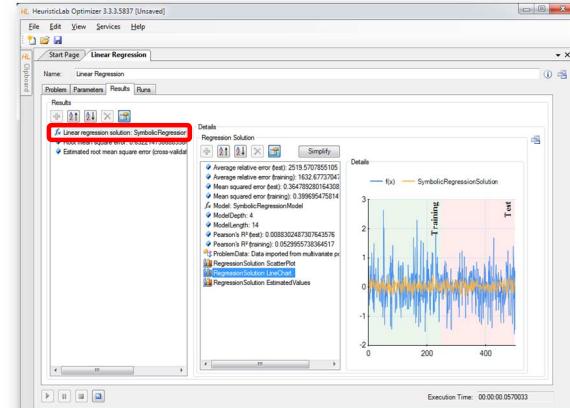


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65

## Inspect Linechart

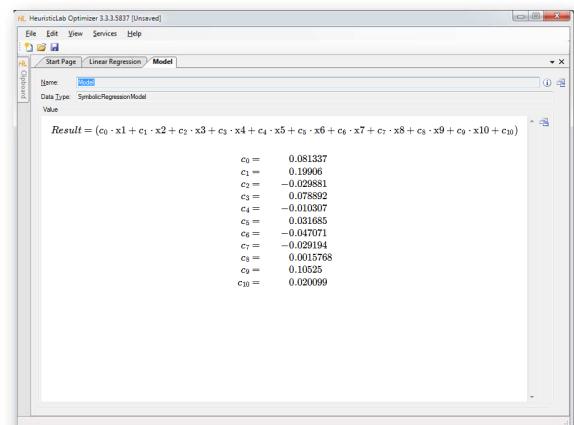


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66

## Inspect the Model



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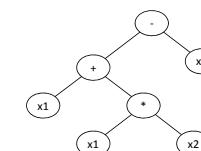
<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

67

## Symbolic Regression with HeuristicLab



- Linear regression produced an inaccurate model.
- Next: produce a nonlinear symbolic regression model using genetic programming
- Genetic programming
  - evolve variable-length models
  - model representation: symbolic expression tree
  - structure and model parameters are evolved side-by-side
  - white-box models



GECCO 2012

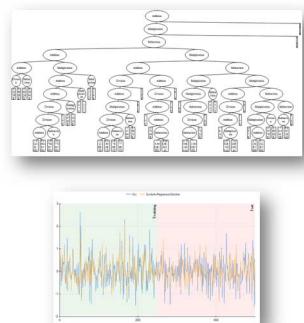
<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

68

## Symbolic Regression with HeuristicLab



- Demonstration
  - problem configuration
  - function set and terminal set
  - model size constraints
  - Evaluation
- Algorithm configuration
  - selection
  - Mutation
- Analysis of results
  - model accuracy
  - model structure and parameters

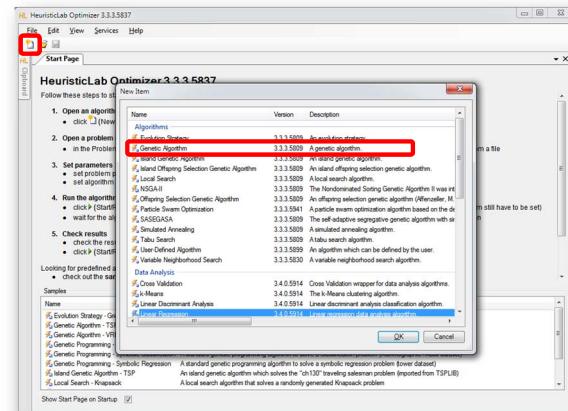


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

69

## Create New Genetic Algorithm

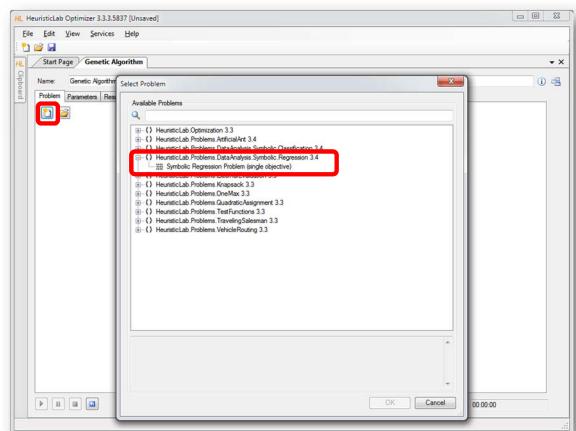


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

70

## Create New Symbolic Regression Problem

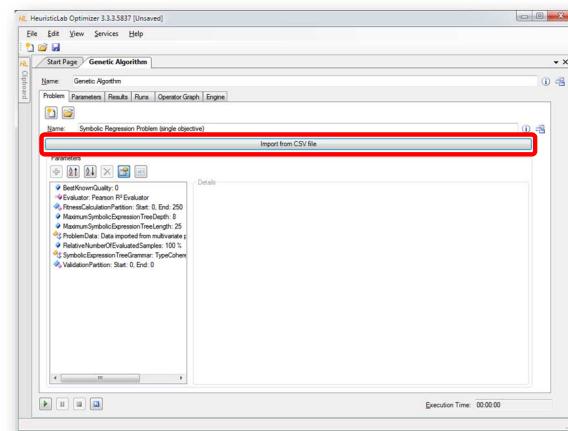


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

71

## Import Data

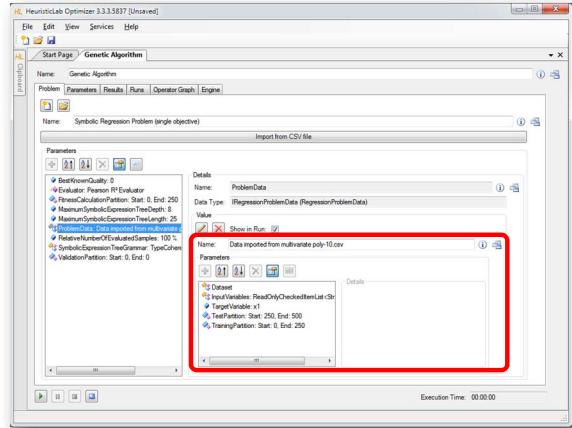


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

72

## Inspect Data and Configure Dataset

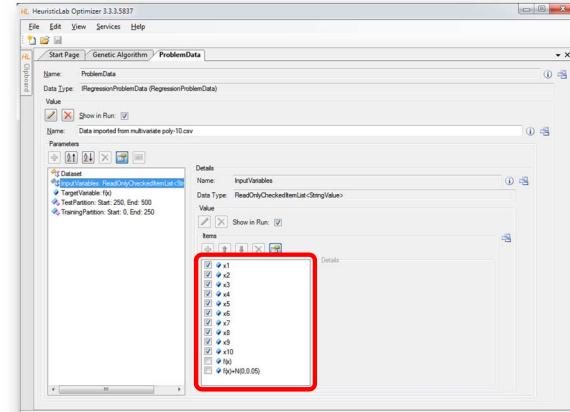


GECCO 2012

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73

## Set Target and Input Variables

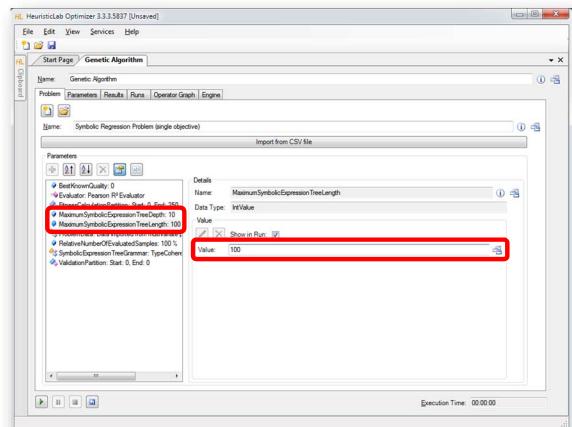


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

74

## Configure Maximal Model Depth and Length

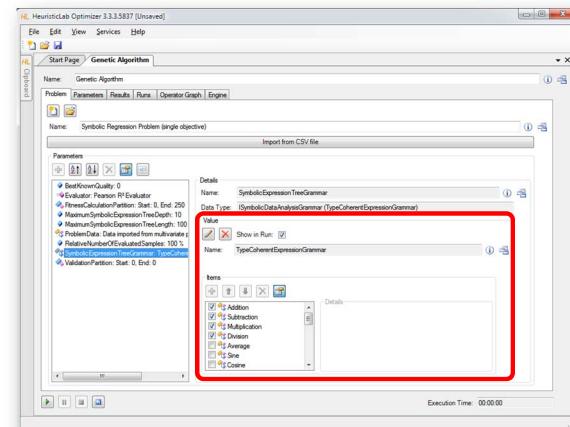


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75

## Configure Function Set (Grammar)

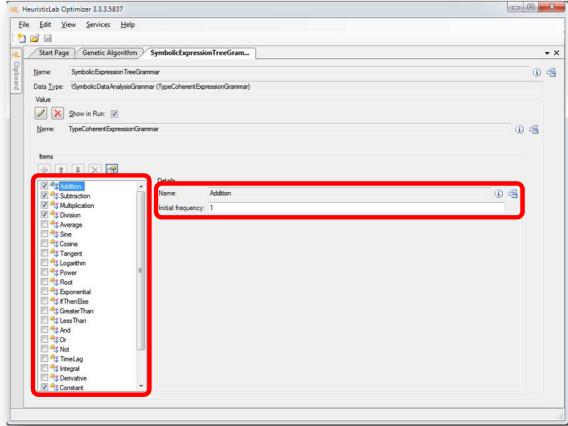


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

76

## Configure Function Set (Grammar)

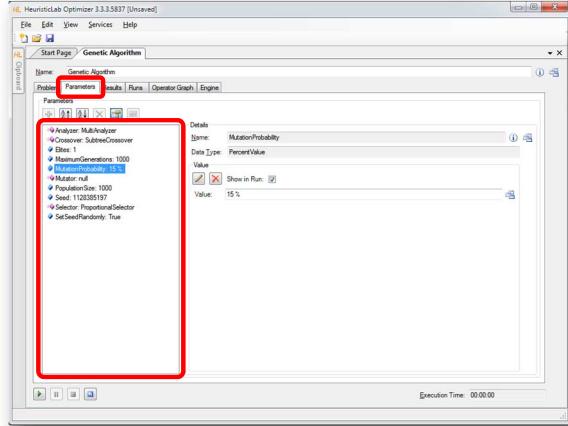


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77

## Configure Algorithm Parameters

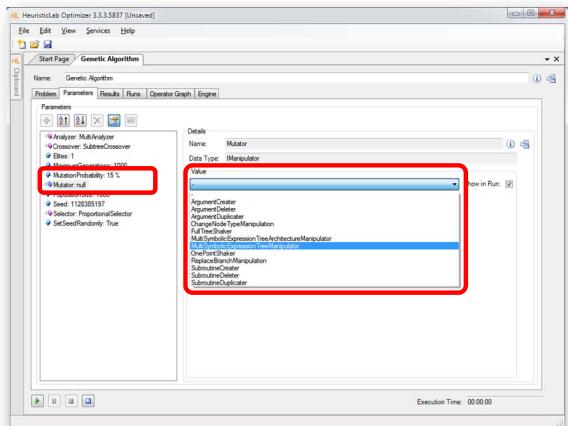


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

78

## Configure Mutation Operator

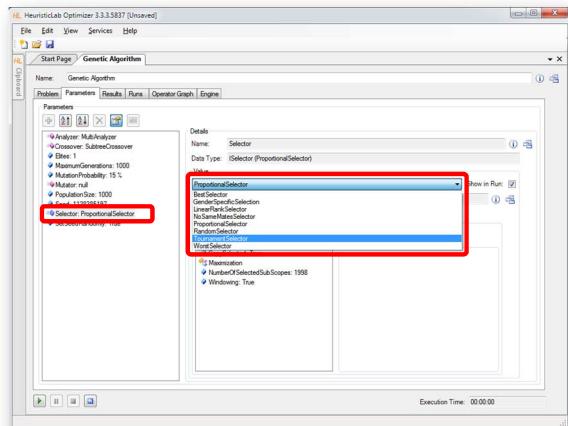


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

79

## Configure Selection Operator

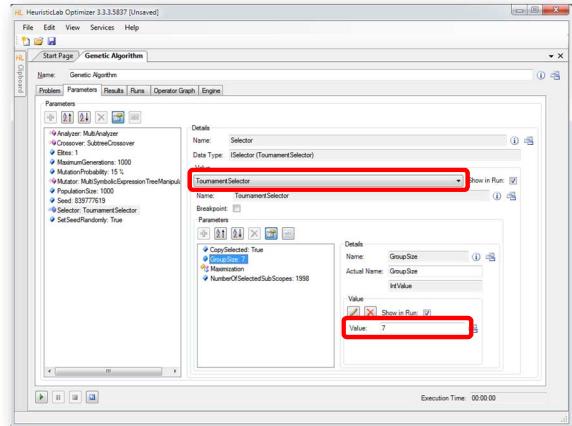


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

80

## Configure Tournament Group Size

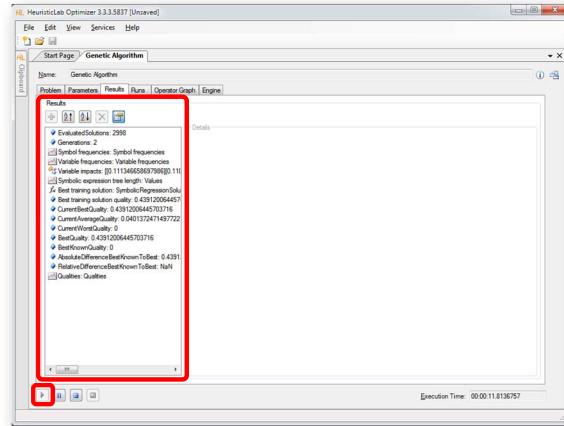


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

81

## Start Algorithm and Inspect Results

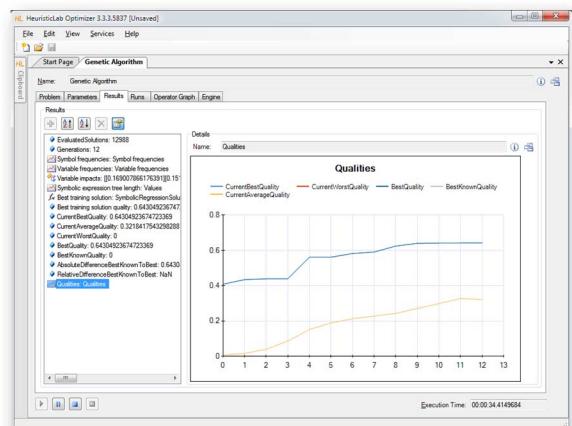


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

82

## Inspect Quality Chart

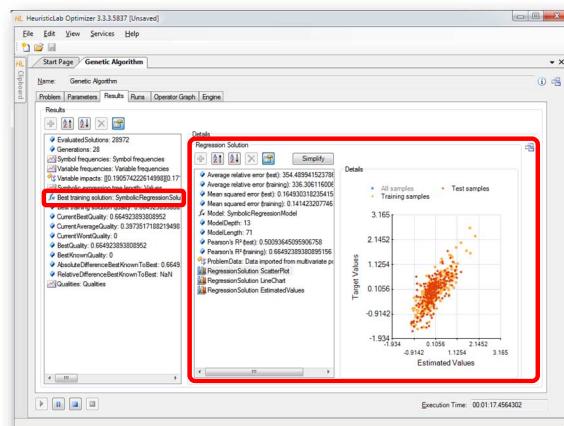


GECCO 2012

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83

## Inspect Best Model on Training Partition

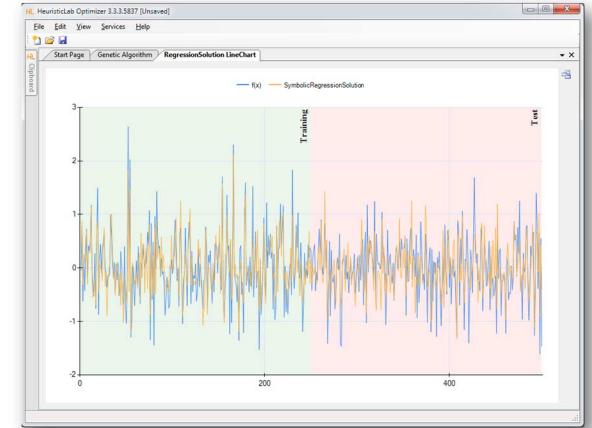


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

84

# Inspect Linechart of Best Model on Training Partition

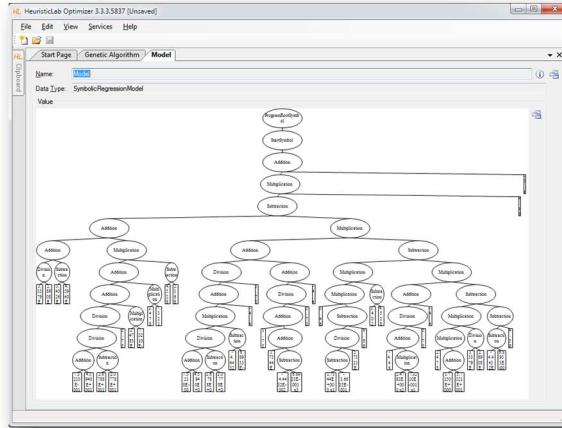


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

85

## Inspect Structure of Best Model on Training Partition



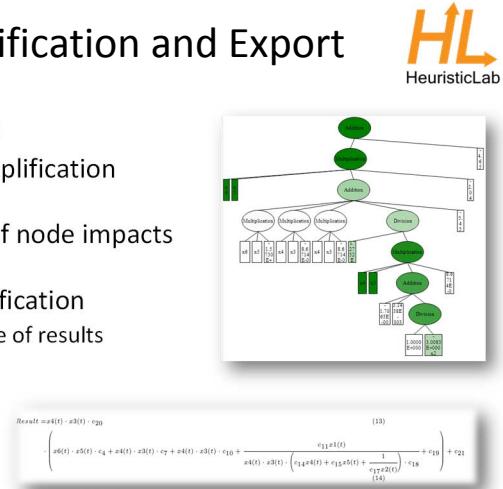
GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

86

## Model Simplification and Export

- Demonstration
    - automatic simplification
    - visualization of node impacts
    - manual simplification
      - online update of results
    - model export
      - MATLAB
      - LaTeX

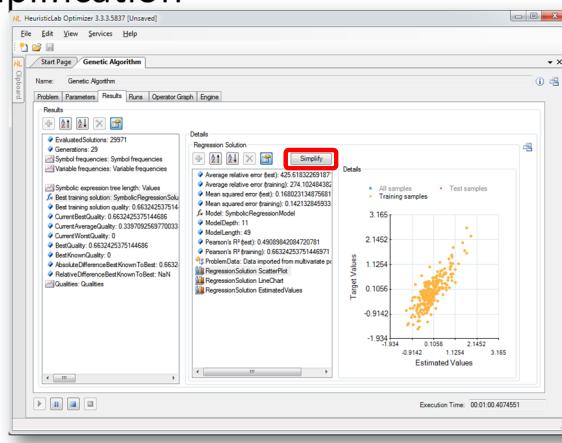


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

87

## Detailed Model Analysis and Simplification

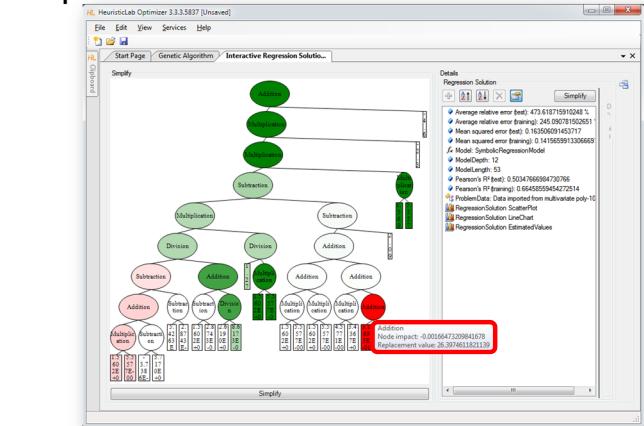


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

88

## Symbolic Simplification and Node Impacts

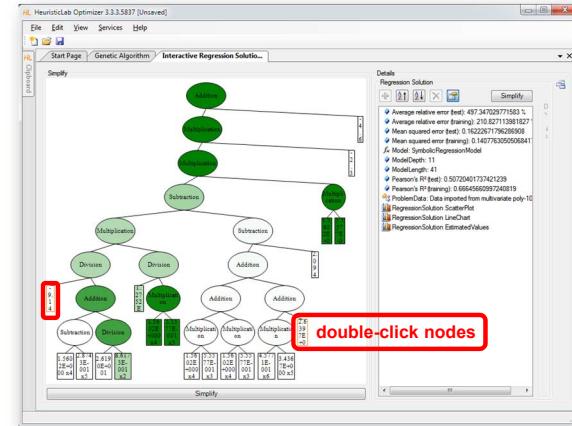


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

89

## Manual Simplification

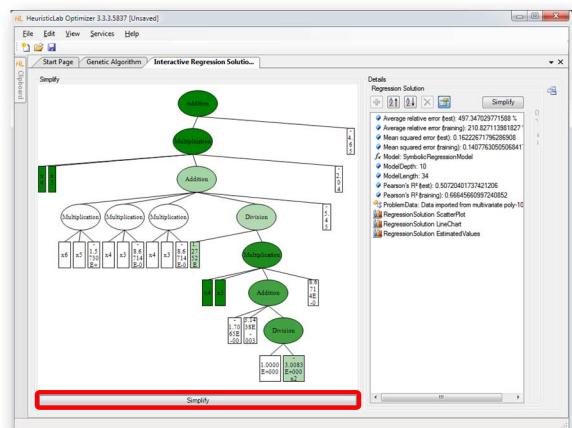


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

90

## Automatic Symbolic Simplification



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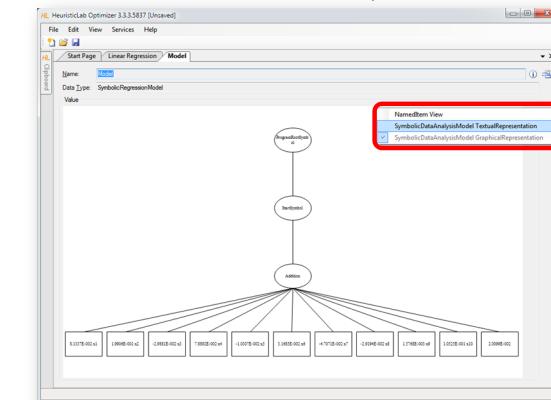
<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

91

## Textual Representations Are Also Available



- Use *ViewHost* to switch to textual representation view.



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92

## Default Textual Representation for Model Export



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```

HeuristicLab Optimizer 3.3.5837 [Unsaved]
File Edit View Services Help
Start Page | Linear Regression | Model |
Name: Model
Data Type: SymbolicRegressionModel
Value
Formatter: Default String Formatter
%needs 'package(armmath)'
%needs 'symbolic'
Result & = left(c_{[0]}x^{[1]} + c_{[1]}x^{[2]} + c_{[2]}x^{[3]} + c_{[3]}x^{[4]} + c_{[5]}x^{[5]} + c_{[6]}x^{[6]} + c_{[7]}x^{[7]} + c_{[8]}x^{[8]} + c_{[9]}x^{[9]} + c_{[10]}vgrt) \\
& = c_{[0]} + c_{[1]}x + c_{[2]}x^2 + c_{[3]}x^3 + c_{[4]}x^4 + c_{[5]}x^5 + c_{[6]}x^6 + c_{[7]}x^7 + c_{[8]}x^8 + c_{[9]}x^9 + c_{[10]}vgrt \\
c_{[0]} = 1.0906501401 \\
c_{[1]} = 7.8932E-002 \\
c_{[2]} = 1.6895E-002 \\
c_{[3]} = 3.1695E-002 \\
c_{[4]} = 5.8395E-002 \\
c_{[5]} = 1.1695E-002 \\
c_{[6]} = 2.3194E-002 \\
c_{[7]} = 4.6388E-002 \\
c_{[8]} = 9.2776E-002 \\
c_{[9]} = 1.8552E-001 \\
c_{[10]} = 2.099E-002
}

```

## Textual Representation for Export to LaTeX



GECCO 2012 <http://dev.heuristiclab.com> 94

```

HeuristicLab Optimizer 3.3.5837 [Unsaved]
File Edit View Services Help
Start Page | Linear Regression | Model |
Name: Model
Data Type: SymbolicRegressionModel
Value
Formatter: LaTeX String Formatter
Result = \left(c_{[0]}+c_{[1]}x^{[2]}+c_{[2]}x^{[3]}+c_{[3]}x^{[4]}+c_{[4]}x^{[5]}+c_{[5]}x^{[6]}+c_{[6]}x^{[7]}+c_{[7]}x^{[8]}+c_{[8]}x^{[9]}+c_{[9]}x^{[10]}\right)vgrt \\
c_0 = 0.001327122062195 \\
c_1 = 0.1906501401563887 \\
c_2 = -0.0298811744029839 \\
c_3 = 0.078991883541302 \\
c_4 = 0.01689501401563887 \\
c_5 = 0.03169501401563887 \\
c_6 = 0.06339501401563887 \\
c_7 = 0.12679501401563887 \\
c_8 = 0.25359501401563887 \\
c_9 = 0.5072954436864677 \\
c_{10} = 0.0200987846293256
\end{array}

```

$$\text{Result} = [c_{[0]} + c_{[1]}x^2 + c_{[2]}x^3 + c_{[3]}x^4 + c_{[4]}x^5 + c_{[5]}x^6 + c_{[6]}x^7 + c_{[7]}x^8 + c_{[8]}x^9 + c_{[9]}x^{10}] vgrt$$

$$c_0 = 0.001327122062195 \quad (1)$$

$$c_1 = 0.1906501401563887 \quad (2)$$

$$c_2 = -0.0298811744029839 \quad (3)$$

$$c_3 = 0.078991883541302 \quad (4)$$

$$c_4 = -0.01689501401563887 \quad (5)$$

$$c_5 = 0.03169501401563887 \quad (6)$$

$$c_6 = -0.06339501401563887 \quad (7)$$

$$c_7 = 0.12679501401563887 \quad (8)$$

$$c_8 = -0.25359501401563887 \quad (9)$$

$$c_9 = 0.5072954436864677 \quad (10)$$

$$c_{10} = 0.0163250443886677 \quad (11)$$

$$c_{11} = 0.0200987846293256 \quad (12)$$

## LaTeX Export



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```

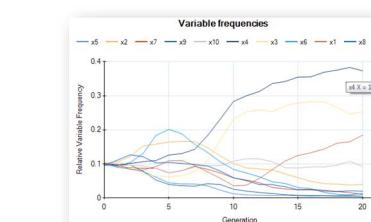
HeuristicLab Optimizer 3.3.5837 [Unsaved]
File Edit View Services Help
Start Page | Genetic Algorithm | Interactive Regression Solution S... | Model |
Name: Model
Data Type: SymbolicRegressionModel
Value
Formatter: LaTeX String Formatter
%needs 'package(armath)'
%needs 'symbolic'
Result = x4(t) \cdot x3(t) \cdot c_{[20]} \\
& = x4(t) \cdot x5(t) \cdot c_4 + x4(t) \cdot x3(t) \cdot c_{[10]} + \\
& \quad x4(t) \cdot x3(t) \cdot c_{[14]}x^{[5]} + x4(t) \cdot x3(t) \cdot c_{[18]} + c_{[19]} \\
& = x4(t) \cdot x5(t) \cdot c_4 + x4(t) \cdot x3(t) \cdot c_{[10]} + \\
& \quad x4(t) \cdot x3(t) \cdot \left(c_{[14]}x^{[5]} + \frac{1}{c_{[18]}x^{[2](t)}}\right) + c_{[19]} \\
& = x4(t) \cdot x5(t) \cdot c_4 + x4(t) \cdot x3(t) \cdot c_{[10]} + \\
& \quad x4(t) \cdot x3(t) \cdot \left(c_{[14]}x^{[5]} + \frac{1}{c_{[18]}x^{[2](t)}}\right) + c_{[19]} \\
c_4 = -1.573026761477 \\
c_5 = -0.40713792501337 \\
c_{10} = 0.40713792501337 \\
c_{14} = 1.273026761477 \\
c_{18} = -0.031706497517555 \\
c_{19} = 0.0031417908410085 \\
c_{20} = 0.00308201761208 \\
c_{21} = 0.00314179051337 \\
c_{22} = 0.00408303075549 \\
c_{23} = 0.00408303075549 \\
c_{24} = -0.20449833075549 \\
c_{25} = -0.0406233001207144 \\
c_{26} = \text{and(sign)} \\
}

```

## Variable Relevance Analysis

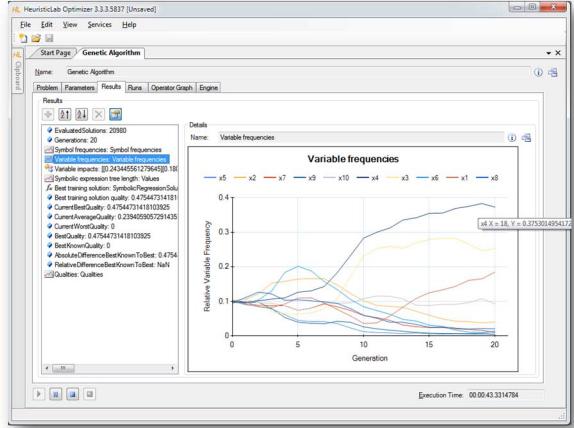


- Which variables are important to predict classes correctly?
- Demonstration
  - Variable frequency analyzer
  - symbol frequency analyzer
  - variable impacts



	Relative variable relevance
x4	0.302803089106054
x3	0.241170172985569
x1	0.17912369714678
x10	0.0589664719249172
x2	0.0544635184723282
x6	0.0446774403657897
x8	0.043601597048278
x7	0.033117350274243
x5	0.0226252246161621
x9	0.01946242278034

## Inspect Variable Frequency Chart

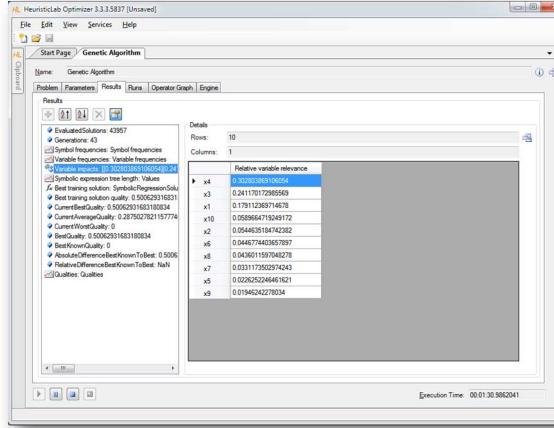


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97

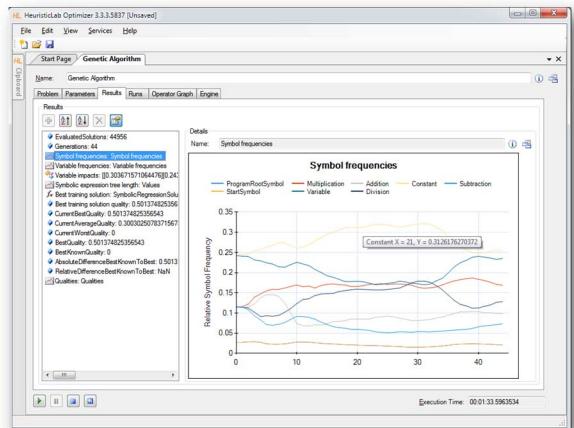
## Inspect Variable Impacts



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98

## Inspect Symbol Frequencies



GECCO 2012

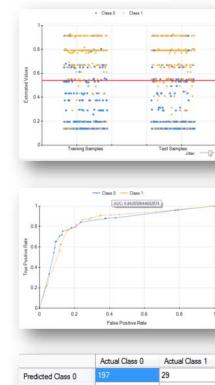
<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

99

## Classification with HeuristicLab



- Symbolic classification
  - evolve discriminating function using GP
  - find thresholds to assign classes
- Demonstration
  - real world medical application
  - model accuracy
  - visualization of model output
    - discriminating function output
    - ROC-curve
    - confusion matrix



GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

100

## Case Study: Classification



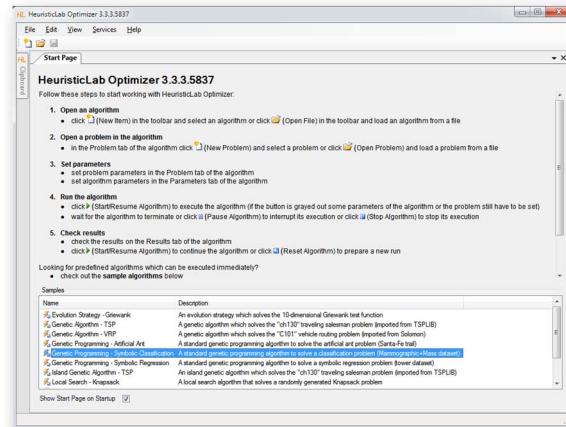
- Real world medical dataset (*Mammographic Mass*) from UCI Machine Learning Repository
  - data from non-invasive mammography screening
  - variables:
    - patient age
    - visual features of inspected mass lesions: shape, margin, density
  - target variable: severity (malignant, benign)
- download  
<http://dev.heuristiclab.com/AdditionalMaterial#GECCO2012>

GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

101

## Open Sample

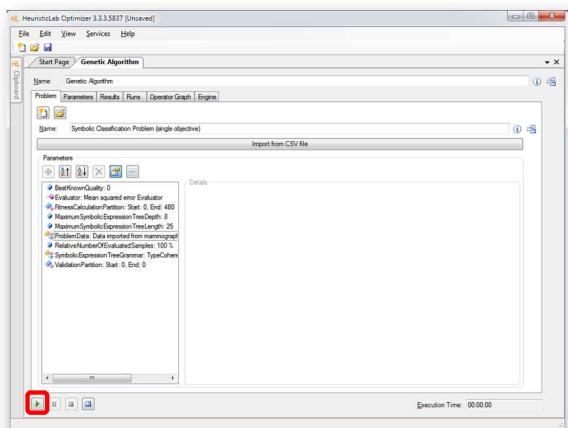


GECCO 2012

<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

102

## Configure and Run Algorithm

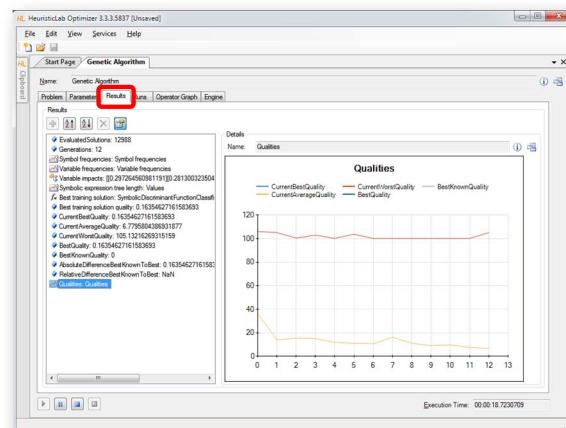


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<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

103

## Inspect Quality Linechart

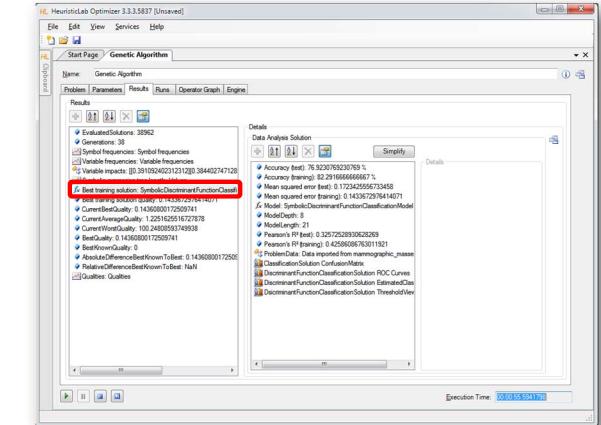


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<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>

104

## Inspect Best Training Solution

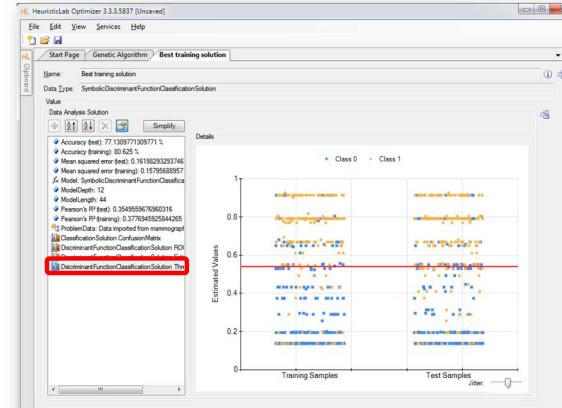


GECCO 2012

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105

## Inspect Model Output and Thresholds

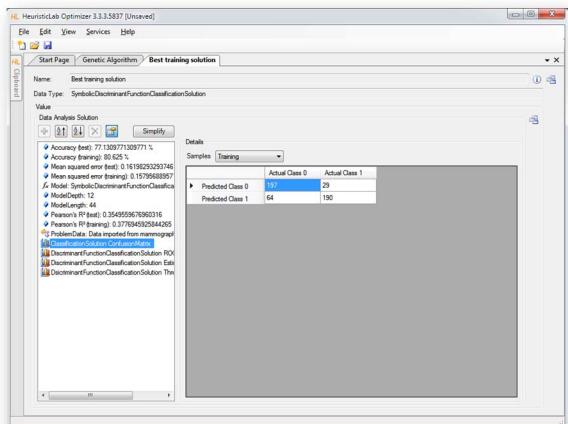


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106

## Inspect Confusion Matrix

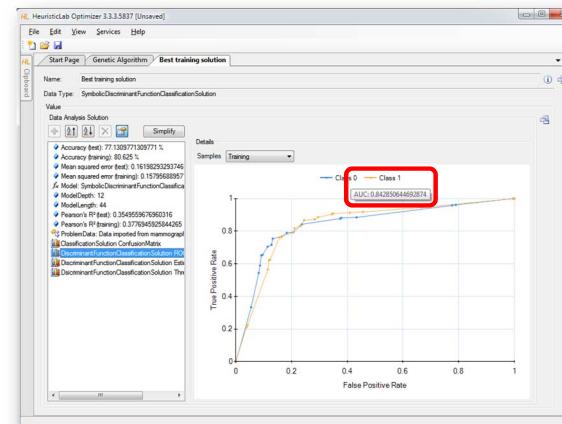


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107

## Inspect ROC Curve



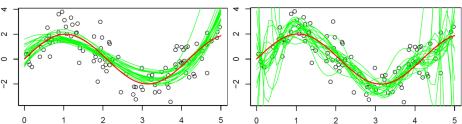
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108

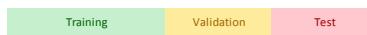
## Validation of Results

- Overfitting = memorizing data

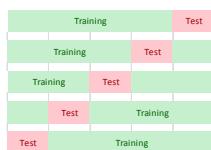


- Strategies to reduce overfitting

– validation partition



– cross-validation



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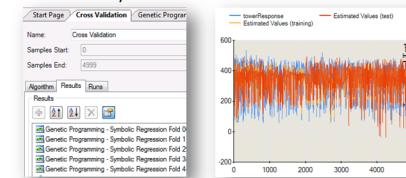
<http://dev.heuristiclab.com>



109

## Validation of Results

- Demonstration
  - Configuration of a validation set
  - Inspection of best solution on validation set
  - Analysis of training- and validation fitness correlation
  - Cross-validation
    - Configuration
    - Analysis of results



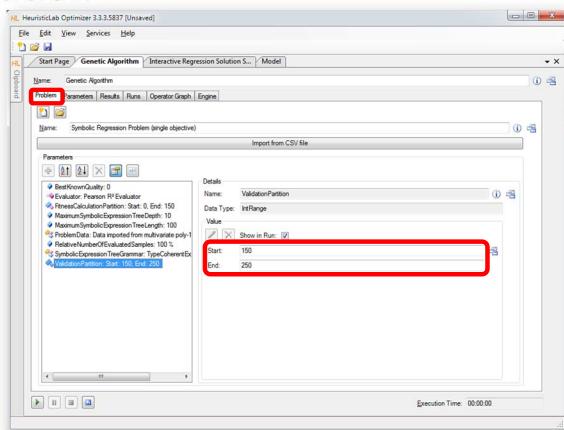
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110

## Configuration of Validation Partition

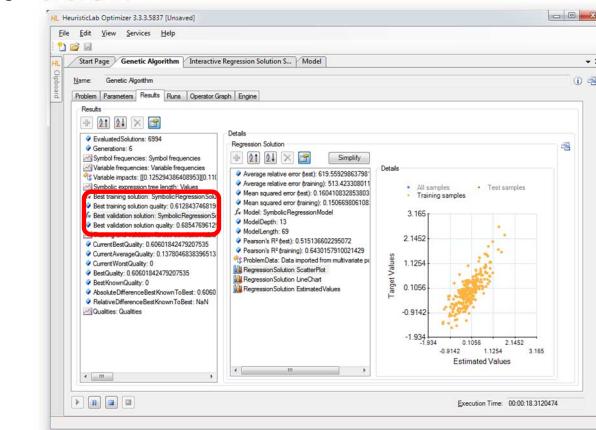


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111

## Inspect Best Model on Validation Partition

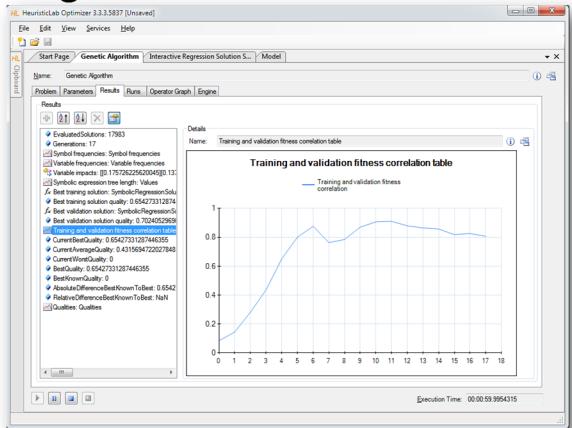


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112

## Inspect Linechart of Correlation of Training and Validation Fitness



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113

## Agenda

- Objectives of the Tutorial
- Introduction
- Where to get HeuristicLab?
- Plugin Infrastructure
- Graphical User Interface
- Available Algorithms & Problems
- **Demonstration Part I: Working with HeuristicLab**
- **Demonstration Part II: Data-based Modeling**
- Some Additional Features
- Planned Features
- Team
- Suggested Readings
- Bibliography
- Questions & Answers

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114



## Some Additional Features



- HeuristicLab Hive
  - parallel and distributed execution of algorithms and experiments on many computers in a network
- Optimization Knowledge Base (OKB)
  - database to store algorithms, problems, parameters and results
  - open to the public
  - open for other frameworks
  - analyze and store characteristics of problem instances and problem classes
- External solution evaluation and simulation-based optimization
  - interface to couple HeuristicLab with other applications (MATLAB, AnyLogic, ...)
  - supports different protocols (command line parameters, TCP, ...)
- Parameter grid tests and meta-optimization
  - automatically create experiments to test large ranges of parameters
  - apply heuristic optimization algorithms to find optimal parameter settings for heuristic optimization algorithms

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115

## Planned Features



- Algorithms & Problems
  - steady-state genetic algorithm
  - unified tabu search for vehicle routing
  - scatter search
  - ...
- Cloud Computing
  - port HeuristicLab Hive to Windows Azure
- Linux
  - port HeuristicLab to run on Mono and Linux machines
- Have a look at the HeuristicLab roadmap
  - <http://dev.heuristiclab.com/trac/hl/core/roadmap>
- Any other ideas, requests or recommendations?
  - join our HeuristicLab Google group [heuristiclab@googlegroups.com](mailto:heuristiclab@googlegroups.com) or
  - write an e-mail to [support@heuristiclab.com](mailto:support@heuristiclab.com)

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116

## HeuristicLab Team



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117



## Suggested Readings

- S. Voß, D. Woodruff (Edts.)  
**Optimization Software Class Libraries**  
Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002



- M. Affenzeller, S. Winkler, S. Wagner, A. Beham  
**Genetic Algorithms and Genetic Programming  
Modern Concepts and Practical Applications**  
CRC Press, 2009



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**HeuristicLab: A generic and extensible optimization environment**  
Adaptive and Natural Computing Algorithms, pp. 538-541  
Springer, 2005
- S. Wagner, S. Winkler, R. Braune, G. Kronberger, A. Beham, M. Affenzeller  
**Benefits of plugin-based heuristic optimization software systems**  
Computer Aided Systems Theory - EUROCAST 2007, Lecture Notes in Computer Science, vol. 4739, pp. 747-754  
Springer, 2007
- S. Wagner, G. Kronberger, A. Beham, S. Winkler, M. Affenzeller  
**Modeling of heuristic optimization algorithms**  
Proceedings of the 2nd European Modeling and Simulation Symposium, pp. 106-111  
DIPTEM University of Genova, 2008
- S. Wagner, G. Kronberger, A. Beham, S. Winkler, M. Affenzeller  
**Model driven rapid prototyping of heuristic optimization algorithms**  
Computer Aided Systems Theory - EUROCAST 2009, Lecture Notes in Computer Science, vol. 5717, pp. 729-736  
Springer, 2009
- S. Wagner  
**Heuristic optimization software systems - Modeling of heuristic optimization algorithms in the HeuristicLab software environment**  
Ph.D. thesis, Johannes Kepler University Linz, Austria, 2009.
- S. Wagner, A. Beham, G. Kronberger, M. Kommenda, E. Pitzer, M. Kofer, S. Vonolfen, S. Winkler, V. Dorfer, M. Affenzeller  
**HeuristicLab 3.3: A unified approach to metaheuristic optimization**  
Actas del séptimo congreso español sobre Metaheurísticas, Algoritmos Evolutivos y Bioinspirados (MAEB'2010), 2010
- Detailed list of all publications of the HEAL research group: <http://research.fh-ooe.at/de/orgunit/detail/356#showpublications>

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119

## Questions & Answers



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120